# Mission Tool Design Review November 19, 2001

Range MISSION TOOL

SOLIPSYS



#### Agenda

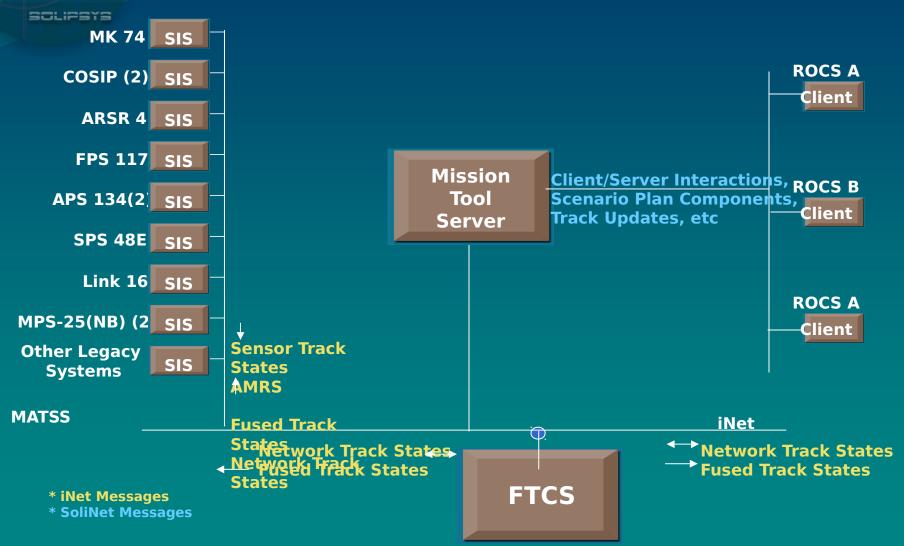
- System Architecture
- Current Capabilities
- Software Development Process
- Meta-Compiler System
- Software Development Plan
- New Requirements



### System Architecture



#### **ESPRIT Architecture**





#### Range Mission Tool/TDF Relationship

RMT GUI is a set of JAVA plugins built on top of the Tactical Display Framework

- Range Mission Tool Client GUI built upon TDF
  - Many features for "free"
  - Code base used over many projects
    - Supports stability
    - Broader user base increases likelihood of bug discovery/resolution
- Interfaces
  - Allows interaction with classes without specific knowledge of individual class
- Application base classes allow rapid development
  - No re-inventing the wheel for basic application mechanics
- Plugins
  - No changes to code base
  - Plugin mechanism allows new menu items, track interfaces, view objects, etc. to be inserted dynamically

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#### Interface Based System

- Many components used in system are interface driven
  - Allows flexibility and extensibility
  - Examples:
    - Track -- a tagging interface, i.e., any class can be a track
    - ViewPointer -- pointers with different behaviors can be swapped in
    - ClientModules -- allow access to the track database from various sources
  - Listener Mechanism
    - Allows custom components to get notified when events occur



#### TDF Base Class Examples

- Application
  - Manages common functionality in sub-applications
    - DocumentApplication
    - FileApplication
- BasicClientModule
  - Manages common functionality in track interfaces
    - EspritClientModule
    - MSCTClientModule
- AbstractModel
  - Base class for data models
  - Allows multiple views independent of data



#### Range Mission Tool/TDF Plugins

- How do Plugins actually work?
  - Any class can be a Plugin
  - Upon startup, DynamicLoader loads
     Plugin classes listed in Plugin lists
  - Applications request all Plugins of a certain class from the DynamicLoader
  - Plugin applications can in turn load their own Plugins
    - For example, Preferences Application (a Plugin) dynamically loads PreferencePanels, which in turn may add Plugin components of their own

#### Tool/TDF Relationship RANGE MISSION TOOL SCLIPSYS **Imagery Imagery Database** Display **Data Files** View Canvas Geo Display Geo Database (Component) nitial implementation pulled View legacy track data messages directly off iNet iNet Screen Track Display Track Database **ESPRIT** Track Display Updates **Applications Specfic to ESPRIT: ESPRIT** New Participant Palette Client Module Track Model/Entity Definition Panels Custom Pointers for path planning Data plots etc.... DisplayNet (TCP) DisplayNet (TCP) Track DB **Data Fusion** PMRF iNet (UDP) Scenerio Planner Data Fusion Server (C++) ESPRIT Server (C++) Sim iNet Broadcast (SoliNet UDP)



## **Current Capabilities**



#### **Current Capabilities**

- Pre-Planning
- Planning
- Playback
  - Preview
  - Rehearsal
- Post Op



#### Preplanning

- Sensor model entry
- Vehicle model entry
- Entity definition
- Data set import
- Data set creation
- Overlay generation



#### Scenario Planning

- Vehicle entity assignments
  - Data sets
    - Imported
  - Waypoint definition
- Sensor entity assignment
  - Precision vs. Surveillance
  - Sensor coverage analysis
- Overlays
- Event timeline synchronization



#### Scenario Planning: Planning Aids

- Planning reports
- Radar coverage analysis
- Validity checks
- Time tics and synchronization lines
- Preview mode
- Multi-station playback



#### Event Rehearsal

- Event replay modes:
  - Preview
  - Multi-station playback
  - Extended execution (planned)



#### **Event Monitor**

#### Visual aids to:

- Monitor real-time planned vs. actual position and path
- Overlays used to delineate and monitor safety constraints
- Visual aids provided to monitor:
  - Trajectory
  - Instantaneous Intercept Points (IIPs)
  - Aspect angle to shooter
  - Track analysis plots



## Use Case Overview for Baseline V3.1

- Pre-planning
  - Define a Sensor Model
  - Define a Sensor Entity
  - Define a Vehicle Model
  - Define a TBM Model based on a "Duck" Dataset
- Scenario planning
  - Create a scenario
    - Add a TBM vehicle entity that uses the TBM model
    - Add a vehicle entity based on a non-TBM vehicle model and define its trajectory
    - Synchronize vehicle paths
    - Set T0
    - Set start times for non-synchronized paths
    - Place a sensor and assign sensor-tracking responsibility
    - Check signal-to-noise for a vehicle trajectory based on sensor assignments
    - Generate vehicle reports for use during the mission
  - Save a scenario
  - Certify a scenario (via a non-secure logon to server)



## Use Case Overview for Baseline V3.1 (cont'd)

- Scenario execution
  - Preview a scenario
  - Rehearse a scenario using simulated radar tracking
  - Monitor real-time events against planned scenario and record for later playback



#### GUI-Server Message Exchange

Pre-planning use cases

- Define a sensor model/ sensor entity/ vehicle model
  - Save as working
    - No GUI-Server messages exchanged because working models and entities are saved on client
  - Save as certified
    - sends GUIScenarioObject
    - receives SrvScenarioObjectResponse
- Define a TBM model based on "Duck" dataset
  - **←**sends GUIConvertTextModel
  - receives SrvDataSetConversionCompleted



#### GUI-Server Message Exchange

Scenario planning use cases

#### Create a Scenario

- sends GUIScenarioControl, action = new scenario
- → receives SrvScenarioControlResponse, action = new scenario, status = success
- Add a TBM Vehicle Entity and Trajectory that uses the TBM model
  - sends GUIVehicle, action = new receives SrvPlannedPathDump...
    - (for each waypoint on planned trajectory)
  - -receives SrvTimeTic
- Add Synch Points for TBM Trajectory
  - ← sends GUIVehicleAnnotation...

    (for each synch point)



- Create a Scenario (cont'd)
  - Add a Vehicle Entity based on a Non-TBM Vehicle Model and define its trajectory
    - sends GUIVehicleModel, action = new
    - ← sends GUIVehicle, action = new
    - sends GUIWaypointPosition, action = first
    - receives SrvWaypointPath
    - receives SrvWaypointPosition
      - For each point added via the GUI:
    - sends GUIWaypointPosition, action = successor
    - receives SrvWaypointPath... (for each path segment)
    - receives SrvWaypointPosition...
      (for each waypoint)
    - receives SrvTimeTic



Scenario planning use cases

```
Create a Scenario (cont'd)
```

- Delete Initial/ Following Waypoint
  - sends GUIWaypointPosition, action = delete
  - receives SrvWaypointPath...

(for each path segment)

receives SrvWaypointPosition...

(for each remaining waypoint)

- Extend Path Forward/ Insert Succeeding Waypoint
  - sends GUIWaypointPosition, action = successor
  - receives SrvWaypointPath...

(for each path segment)

receives SrvWaypointPosition...

(for each waypoint)



- Create a Scenario (cont'd)
  - Extend Path Backward/ Insert Preceding Waypoint
    - sends GUIWaypointPosition, action = predecessor receives SrvWaypointPath...
    - (for each path segment)
      receives SrvWaypointPosition...
      (for each waypoint)
  - Modify Existing Waypoint (by dragging or via InfoPanel)
    - sends GUIWaypointPosition, action = move receives SrvWaypointPath...
      - (for each path segment)
    - receives SrvWaypointPosition...
      (for each waypoint)



- Create a Scenario (cont'd)
  - Synchronize Paths
    - sends GUIVehicleSynch
    - receives SrvPlannedPathDump...
      - (for each waypoint on trajectory)
    - receives SrvVehicleAnnotation...
      - (for each synch point)
    - receives SrvVehicleSynch, action = add
  - Set TO
    - sends GUITicReferencePoint
      receives SrvTimeTic...
    - (for each vehicle synchronized to that tic point)
  - Set Start Times of Non-Synchronized Paths
    - sends GUIVehicleModel, action = update
    - **←**sends GUIVehicle, action = update
    - **★**sends GUIVehicleStartTime, action = update
    - receives SrvWaypointPosition...
      - (for each waypoint to be synchronized)



- Create a Scenario (cont'd)
  - Place a Sensor and assign Sensortracking responsibility
    - ← sends GUISensorModel, action = new
    - ← sends GUISensor, action = new
    - sends GUISensorModeAssignment
  - Check Signal-to-Noise for Vehicle Trajectory based upon Sensor Assignments
    - sends GUIRequestSNvsTime
    - receives SrvSNvsTimeResponse
  - Request Vehicle Report
    - sends GuiRequestVehicleReport
    - receives SrvVehicleReportCompleted



Scenario planning use cases

#### Save Scenario

- sends GUIScenarioObject
- sends GUIScenarioControl, action = save
  working scenario
- → receives SrvScenarioObjectResponse
- → receives SrvScenarioControlResponse

#### Close Scenario

sends GUIScenarioControl, action = new
scenario

receives SrvScenarioControlResponse, action = new scenario, status = success

 Server sends messages to remove scenario information from the display:

receives GuiVehicle, action = delete,
GuiSensor, action = delete, etc.



#### Scenario planning use cases

#### Certify Scenario

- Logon to Server (non-secure)
  - sends GuiCertifiedPassword, action =
    Request
  - receives SrvCertifiedPasswordResponse
  - sends GuiScenarioObject
  - sends GuiScenarioControl,
    action = SaveCertifiedScenario
  - **→**receives SrvScenarioObjectResponse
  - receives SrvScenarioControlResponse,
     action = SaveCertifiedScenario, status =
     Success



## Scenario execution use cases

#### Open Scenario

- sends GUIScenarioControl, action = load workin scenario
- receives SrvScenarioControlResponse, action = load working scenario, status = start
  - Server sends scenario, vehicle, sensor, etc. info,
  - \_e,g. the following for a TBM trajectory:
  - receives GUIVehicleModel
  - receives GUIVehicle receives SrvPlannedPathDump...
  - (for each point on the trajectory) receives GUIVehicleAnnotation
  - **→**



## Scenario execution use cases

#### Preview Scenario

- Open Scenario
- Select Playback Mode = Preview
  - [NONE]
- Initiate a Scenario Timeline by specifying a Scenario time to start

sends GUIScenarioControl, action = set scenario start receives SrvScenarioControlResponse, action = set scenario <a href="mailto:start">start</a>, status = success

- Play Scenario

sends GUIScenarioControl, action = set clock rate receives SrvScenarioControlResponse, action = set clock rate, status = success

- sends GUIScenarioControl, action = start preview
- receives SrvScenarioControlResponse, action = start preview, status = success

receives SrvScenarioSynch

**←** receives SrvPlannedTrackState messages



- Preview Scenario (cont'd)
  - Hook Planned Position
    - [No GUI-Server messages this is a TDF function]
  - Display Alt Graph
    - [No GUI-Server messages this is a TDF function]
  - Stop Scenario
    - sends GUIScenarioControl, action =
      stop
      - receives SrvScenarioControlResponse, action = stop, status = success



- Rehearse Scenario using Simulated Radar Tracking
  - Open Scenario
  - Activate Track Simulation using iNet Message 25
    - sends GUIScenarioControl, action =
      set sim type
    - receives SrvScenarioControlResponse,
      action = set sim type, status =
      success
  - Initiate a Scenario Timeline by specifying a Scenario Time to start



- Rehearse Scenario using Simulated Radar Tracking (cont'd)
  - Play Scenario
    - ← sends GUIScenarioControl, action = set clock rate
    - receives SrvScenarioControlResponse, action = set clock rate, status = success
    - sends GUIScenarioControl, action = start local
      execution
    - receives SrvScenarioControlResponse, action = start local execution, status = success
    - receives SrvScenarioSynch
    - Server sends iNet messages that are processed by Data Fusion and transformed into TrackUpdate
    - **→** messages
    - —receives TrackUpdate messages
    - receives SrvDisplayTrackState messages receives SrvPlannedTrackState messages
  - Hook Planned Position
  - Display Alt Graph
  - Stop Scenario



- Monitor Real-time Events Against Planned Scenario and Record for later Playback
  - Data Fusion processes iNet messages MT25 & MT
     26 and transforms them into TrackUpdate msgs
  - **→** receives TrackUpdate
  - Open Scenario
  - Synchronize Scenario Timeline to Mission Countdown Clock
    - sends GUIScenarioControl, action = set scenario
      start
    - receives SrvScenarioControlResponse, action = set scenario start, status = success
  - Record using the Track Recorder
    - [No GUI-Server messages this is a TDF function]
  - Play Scenario
  - Display Alt Graph



#### **Current Status**

- FY '99 Acceptance Test in September 1999:
  - Included Transition Plan
  - Noted deficiencies repaired for Dec '99 delivery
- FY '00 funding for:
  - Operational assessment during three events
  - Limited funds available for enhancements
- Current FY '01 funding for:
  - Addition of 14 new required features
  - Event support



## Software Development Process



#### Dispelling Popular Myths

- The more things change the more things stay the same.
- We are merely prototyping
- We are rogue hackers from Hell
- We are lacking process



# Instilling Actual Fact

Hell wouldn't have us!

- Intimately familiar with rigorous development techniques
- Bring many years of experience to solving "real world" issues
- Dynamic nature of staff allows for rapid turnaround of viable and robust solutions - often confused with "prototyping"
- We do not get bogged down by process



# Standard approaches are taken to manage, track, and maintain the various products and projects.

# The High Level View

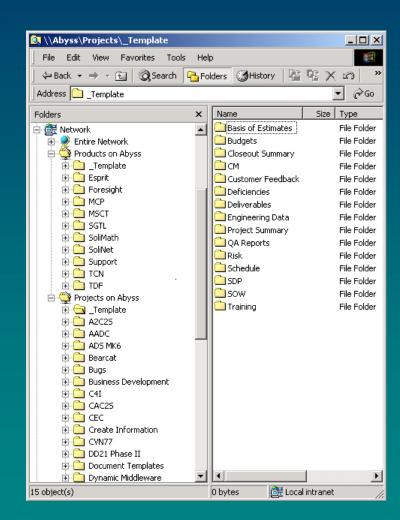
- Product and project documentation is created and stored on a networked server
  - Access to each folder is controlled by product or project Manager
  - Each folder is accessible to the QA Department for auditing purposes
- Proceed Tool promotes a uniform structure across folders
  - Allows QA Team to play a less intrusive role which makes everyone happy
  - Automated updates to push information to customer support area
- Development suite is comprised of standard GNU toolset and custom scripts



# View Into the Abyss

The product and project folders reside on Abyss, files are backed up nightly, and off site storage is rotated weekly.

- Primary server is named Abyss
- Provides network access to all product and project folders
- System is monitored and maintained by system admin personnel
- Supports the Solipsys Proceed Tool





# Process Control with an Electronic Edge (Proceed)

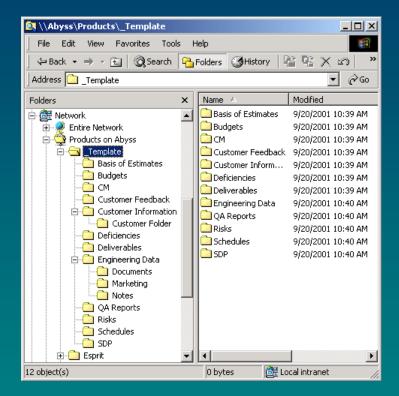
- Process and
  QA are
  terms that
  are typically
  met with
  much
  resistance
  by those
  who view it
  as "the Man
  just beating
  me down."
- Manages the directory hierarchies in the products and projects areas
  - Applies a directory structure template to all areas managed by Proceed
  - Performs consistency checks to ensure that the area is not being polluted
  - Does not inhibit, only guides
- Pushes desired files from configuration area to customer support web site
  - Managers may selectively allow any file in the hierarchy to propagate to the web site
  - Proceed will automatically update the files on the web site on a regular basis
- QA can play a more active role without upsetting the "Volatiles"



# Proceed Hierarchy Template

Proceed serves as an enabler to allow QA to lend a hand with maintaining a consistent and recognizable structure in a less invasive manner.

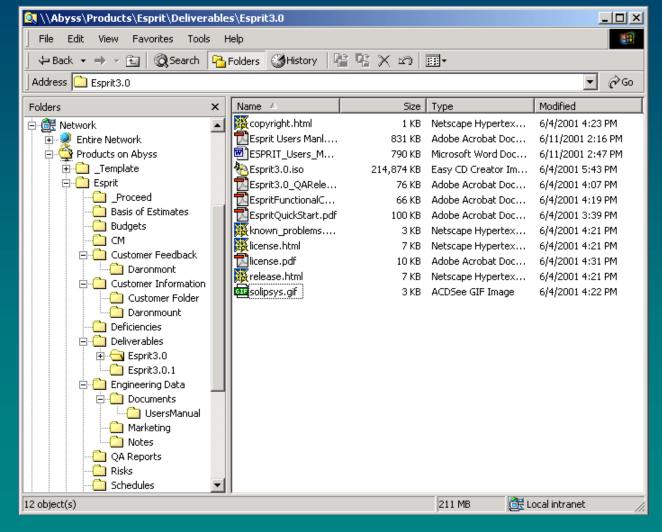
- The QA Team maintains the hierarchy template
- Proceed ensures hierarchical consistency across all products and projects folders





# Sample Product Folder - Esprit

The Esprit product folder contains deliverable ISO images, licensing information, QA release notes, bug lists, etc.





# Software Development Environment

The GNU
Toolset,
automation
of process,
and reusable
software
components
are the
foundation
of the
software
development

cycle.

- Standard GNU Toolset is employed
  - Available for most platforms
  - Promotes portability
  - Widely supported by the Net community
  - Cost effective
- Custom in-house techniques
  - Scold
  - Rebuild
  - Metagen and Cajun
- Solid foundations through software reuse
  - SoliNet
  - SoliMath
  - Slate
  - TDF



# GNU Tool: Concurrent Versions System (cvs)

- Network-based Revision Control System
- Enables multiple developers to work on parts of the system
  - Reduces amount of "dead time" caused by a lock based system
  - May introduce conflicts if the exact same area is modified, but CVS supports conflict reporting and resolution
- Local environment is replicated on the server at PMRF
  - Developers enjoy a familiar environment when in the field
  - Necessary for distributed testing and development

CVS is based on older Revision Control System (RCS); both are commonly used GNU

packages.



# GNU Tool: CVS (cont'd)

- Supports branching for use when configurations are taken into the field
- Baseline configuration project (CVSproject) is used as the genesis for all new projects
  - Ensures a consistent hierarchy across all projects in the system
  - Allows new projects to start with a robust and well tested configuration
  - The CVSproject is maintained and kept current
- Available for Solaris (Sparc/x86), various flavors of Linux, and Cygwin32

Concurrency, consistency, and conformity are our cornerstones to building and maintaining robust systems.



# GNU Tool: CVS (cont'd)

The sample change log is from the original mods to the SoliNet make and auto configuratio n files.

- Maintains status logs and modification commentary
- May be configured to use custom scripts for automated generation of change reports

Root: /thor/CVS User: john 08/18/98 Dir: solinet 15.18.41 File: Makedefs.in Makefile.in Makerules.in acsite.m4 archive configure configure.in Mods: \*\* Massive changes went in to support a software installation. Most of the modifications were in support \*\* of placing the SoliNet and SoliMessage include files down \*\* one level rather then having everything in /include. The changes to the make system were made in support of adding \*\* SoliNet to the scold automated source code checking \*\* scheme. All of the modifications made to the make system \*\* were migrated to the cysproject template directory which is maintained under CVS control. \_\_\_\_\_\_ Root: /thor/CVS User: john 08/18/98 Dir: solinet 15:32:06 File: configure configure.in Mods: Restructured the src/lib directories by renaming solinet \*\* to SoliNet, solimsg to SoliMessage, and

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metagen to

==========



## **GNU Tool: autoconf**

Using autoconf and SoliNet completely divorces the software from the system.

- Not all Unixes are created equal
  - Ferreting out subtle differences between systems can be a configuration nightmare
  - Developing and maintaining portable scripts is a monumental task
- Autoconf allows configure.in files to specify high-level tests
  - The configure.in file is parsed and a configure script is generated using Bourne shell syntax
  - The resultant script can be executed on any Unix platform
  - The test results are applied to the make system
- SoliNet utilizes autoconf to completely isolate system dependencies from the application



### GNU Tool: make

- Make is actually a Unix utility which GNU has extended
  - Maintains dependencies between files
  - Understands how to rebuild pieces of the system based on an extensible rule set
  - Rules exist to utilize Solipsys meta language extensions
- Recursively drills through a project's directory hierarchy building the system based on the rules
- Employed by CVS repositories for rebuilding the world

Make is responsible for the compiler and linker interactions necessary to create executable code from the system's source code.



# GNU Tool: gcc

- ANSI compliant C++ compiler
- Used in nit pick mode
  - Full type checking is performed
  - All non-standard constructs are flagged as warnings
  - All unsafe operations are flagged as warnings
  - All warnings are treated as errors and may not be ignored
- Make and configuration system controls the use of gcc
  - Users cannot disable the warning level imposed by the system
  - Users must fix all warnings and errors before a functional system may be completely built

gcc is a fully
ANSI
compliant
C/C++
compiler
that is
available
on a wide
range of
architecture
s.



### In-House Tool: Scold

- The Source Code OverLordD (Scold) is a configuration area as well as a set of scripts
- Used as the central repository for latest builds
  - Obviates the need for each developer to build local copies of the most commonly used toolkits
  - Maintained by the configuration manager
- Also refers to the automated Scold process
  - Perform periodic checkout and build of the systems
  - Performs analysis of the logs from the build process
  - Flags problems and notifies last person that performed a modification to the problem unit

Scold acts as
a source
code and
configuratio
n watchdog
by
performing
auto-builds
on a regular
basis.



# In-House Tool: Rebuild

- Perl script that understands the package build order
- Provides a simple one line command to build any or all of the systems
  - Can rebuild the world from scratch
  - Can update and build only modified systems
  - Allows the build manager to selectively create specific versions of the systems
- Creates a complete log of the build process as well as system specific breakdowns of what took place

The rebuild script allows the build manager to easily build the configured software on any machine.



# In-House Tool: Metagen and Cajun

Use of the meta languages allows the machines to do the dirty work!

- Messages and classes are described in a simple high-level language
- Description files pass through meta-language compiler to produce complete C++ and Java classes
- Class source code is then processed by the C++ and Java compilers to create fully functional objects
  - Eliminates common mistakes in defining and maintaining message structures
  - Insures consistent APIs between all C++ and Java components within the system



## Software Reuse: SoliNet

- SoliNet
  enforces
  strong
  typing and
  encapsulatio
  n of data,
  thus
  promoting
  solid object
  oriented
  designs.
- An ANSI C++ compliant class library initially created to provide a wrapper for commonly used network interfaces
- Took on the role of being the operating system layer used by emerging Solipsys technologies
  - SoliMath
  - Slate/Granite
  - DataFusion
  - RMT
  - TCN
- Evolved Into a lightweight, portable operating system layer with extensive support for distributed heterogeneous communications



# Software Reuse: SoliNet (cont)

SoliNet is at the heart of the software being deployed at PMRF.

- Foundation for the RMT Server
- Provides logical building blocks and network infrastructure for the range upgrade effort
  - Bridges the PMRF iNet to the Solipsys kNet through the FTCS
  - Foundation for the Source Integration
     Servers



## Software Reuse: SoliMath

- Large collection of math specific classes
  - Well over 100 classes currently reside in the toolkit
  - Functionality of classes backed by MatLab models developed and tested by analysis staff
  - Utilizes SoliNet as foundation therefore instances of SoliMath objects can be passed in messages
- Utilized heavily by other Solipsys projects and products
  - Slate/Granite
  - DataFusion
  - RMT
  - TCN
  - JLENS

Common math classes like filters, state estimation, covariances, bias estimation, bias measuremen t, and more reside in SoliMath.



# Software Reuse: Slate

- Solipsys'
  Latest
  Attempt
  to
  Track
  Everything
- Slate is a software library of reuseable Tracker components
  - Includes classes for track initiation, track-to-contact association, activity control, promotion, and disclosure.
  - Application independent through parameterization and the ObserverThread.
  - Extensive use of SoliMath and SoliNet



# Software Reuse: Tactical Display Framework (TDF)

Use of Java technology and Object Oriented Design enables TDF to swiftly take on any new display role thrown

at it.

- Foundation for all Solipsys graphical user interfaces (GUI)
- Easily tailored by use of Java plug-In technology
- Basis for several different display products at PMRF
  - Mk74 SIS
  - CoSip SIS
  - Surveillance SIS
  - RMT
- Presents a common look and feel across the various operator displays



# Meta-Compiler System



# Meta-Compiler in Action

Building a class with the meta language is fast, easy and correct.

# class MyTrack member trackId member position member velocity member valid I ime member contributors[] history[f0] end class MyTrack



# Defining Classes Within Classes

Classes may be nested as shown here with TrackId.



Geocentric

Velocity

Sensor

History

Time

class MyTrack

member trackld

> member position

member velocity

**member** valid lime

member contributors[]

member history[10]

end class MyTrack

### **TrackId**

**enum** TrackType

**etag** invalid = 0

etag subsurface = 1
etag surface = 2

**etag** air = 3

**etag** missile = 4

end enum TrackType

**class** TrackId

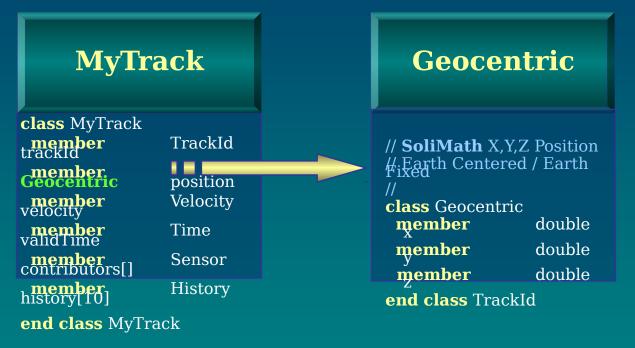
Trackfype type member int id

end class TrackId



# Using Pre-existing Classes

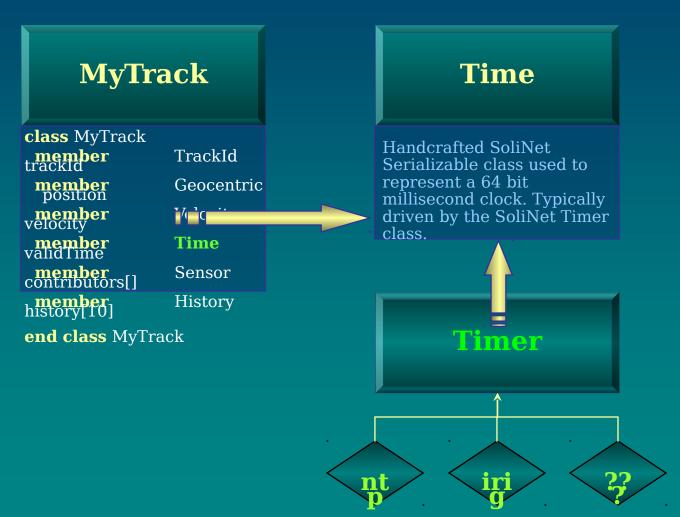
Classes from existing libraries may also be used to avoid reinventing the wheel.





# **Utilizing SoliNet Time**

The SoliNet time class can be used to provide a simple and consistent notion of system, or scenario time.





# **Collections: The List**

Object collections, in this case an unbounded list, are supported by the meta language.



TrackId

Velocity

Sensor

History

Time

Geocentric

class MyTrack member trackld

member position

**member** velocity

**member** valid lime

member contributors[]

member history[10]

end class MyTrack

### Sensor

Hepfesents tation

// collection of **0..n** objects.

class Sensor member Geocentric

member double band member double power end class Sensor



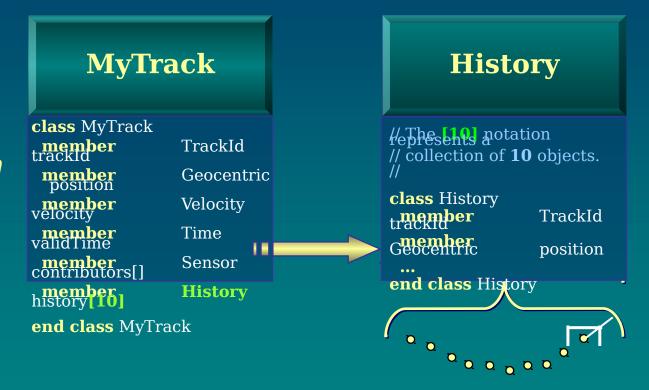






# **Collections: The Vector**

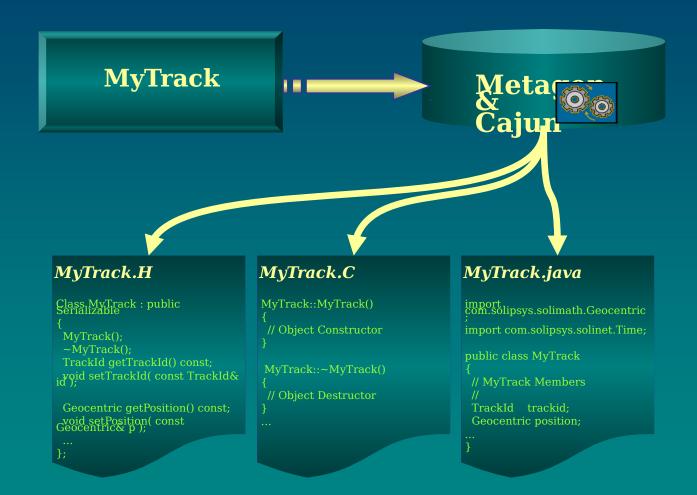
Collections may also have hard boundaries placed upon them.





# Code Generation Phase

Feeding the meta source into the compiler will produce all of the C++ and Java code needed to freely exchange the objects.

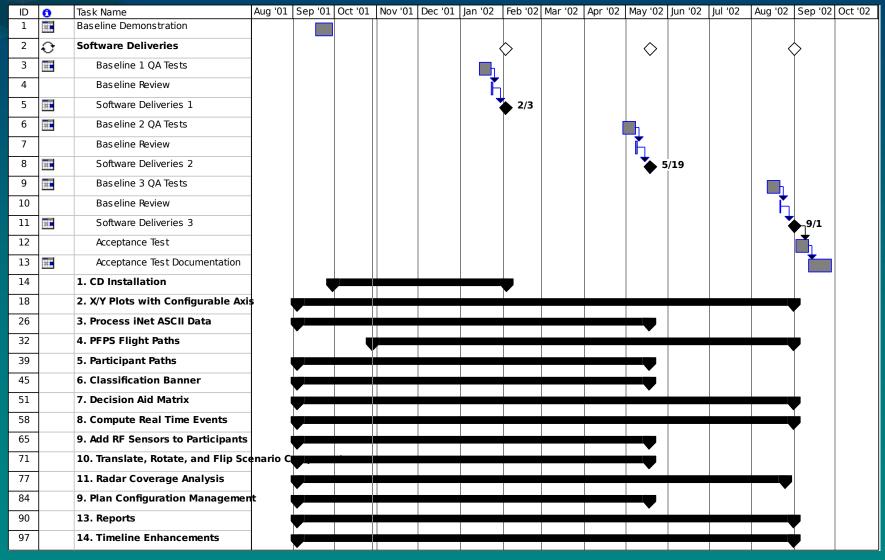




# Software Development Plan

RANGE MISSION TOOL

# Software Development Plan





# Software Development Plan

### MS Project Plan

- Software process
- Build schedule
- QA
- Delivery schedule
- Documentation
- Acceptance test



# New Requirements

- Installation CD
- Real Time Analysis Plots
- Process ASCII Formatted Trajectory Data
- Personal Flight Planning System (PFPS) Compatibility
- Vehicle WaypointTrajectories SpecialCases
- Classification Banner

- Decision Aid Matrix
- Compute Real Time Events
- Mobile Sensors
- Scenario Plan Manipulation
- Radar Coverage Analysis
- Plan ConfigurationManagement
- Plan Reports
- Timeline Enhancements



# Installation CD



# Installation CD

- Currently using InstallShield, Java edition
  - One installer for Win32, Solaris, etc.
  - Java based, requires a JVM pre-installed
  - Some minor issues, may be resolved with future InstallShield releases?
- Other options
  - Self-extracting zip file
    - Simplest option
    - Less flashy
    - Won't do system dependent tasks
  - Multiple installers for multiple systems
    - InstallShield/Wise for Win32
    - Solaris packages
    - Other platforms, e.g., Linux rpm
    - If automated, is this really more effort?



# Real Time Analysis Plots



# Real-Time Data Presentation

- Tactical Situation Display
  - Situation awareness
  - Visual aids
- Analysis Plots
  - User specified during mission planning
  - Quantitative

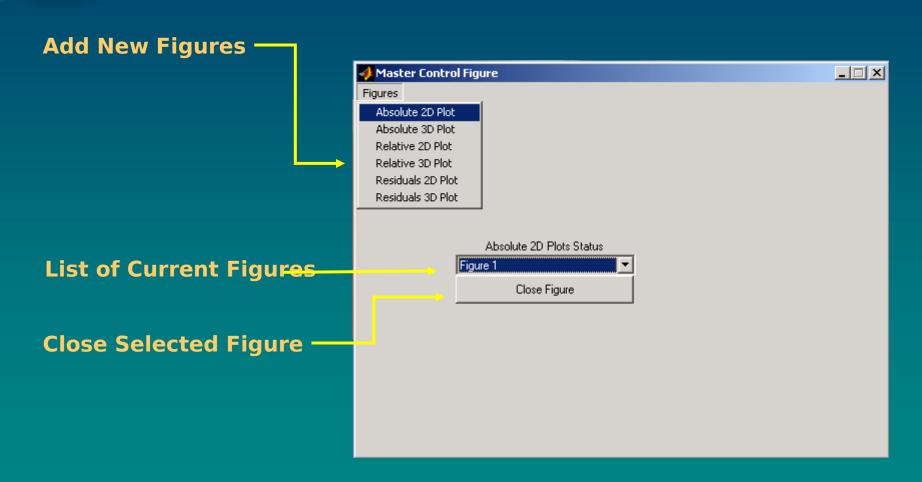


### **Plots**

- iNet Kinematic Contents
  - Position, Velocity, Acceleration, Valid
     Time
  - Track State Covariance
  - Attitude
- iNet Attribute Contents
  - Track Quality
  - VID/SID
  - Security Level
- Derived Quantities
  - Down range, Cross range, Altitude
  - Aspect Angle
  - Relative spherical position
  - Closest Point of Approach (CPA)
  - Time-to-go
  - Residuals



# **Plot Figure Initiation**



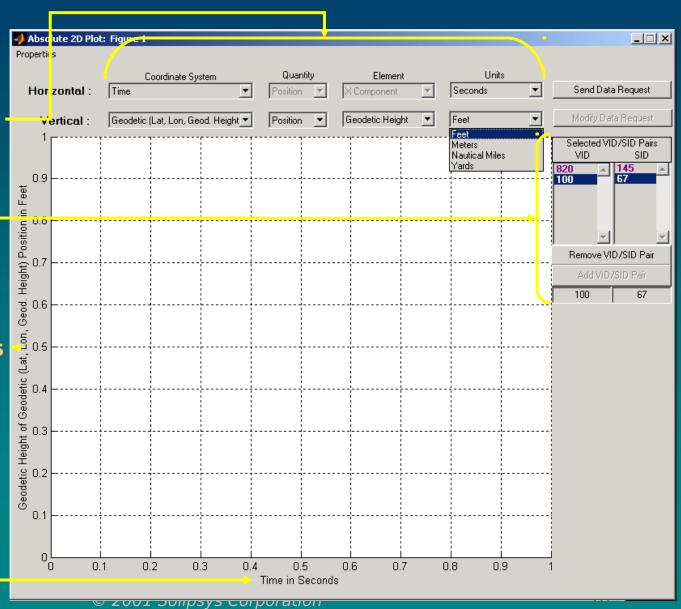


### **Plot Definition**

**Adaptive Pop Menus** 

**VID/SID Entry Panel** 

**Adaptive Axis Labels** 



RANGE MISSION TOOL

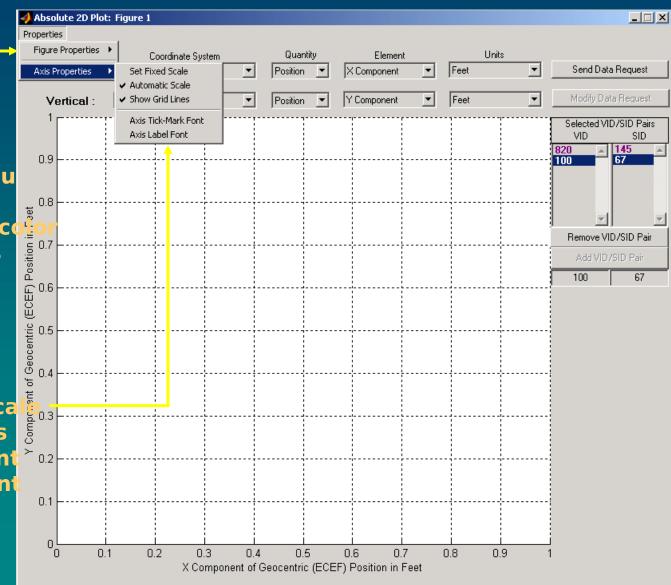
### **Plot Definition**



- Modify background co
- Save figure settings

#### **Axis Properties Menu**

- Set fixed axis scales
- Turn on automatic sca
- Toggle axis grid lines
- Change tick mark font
- Change axis label font

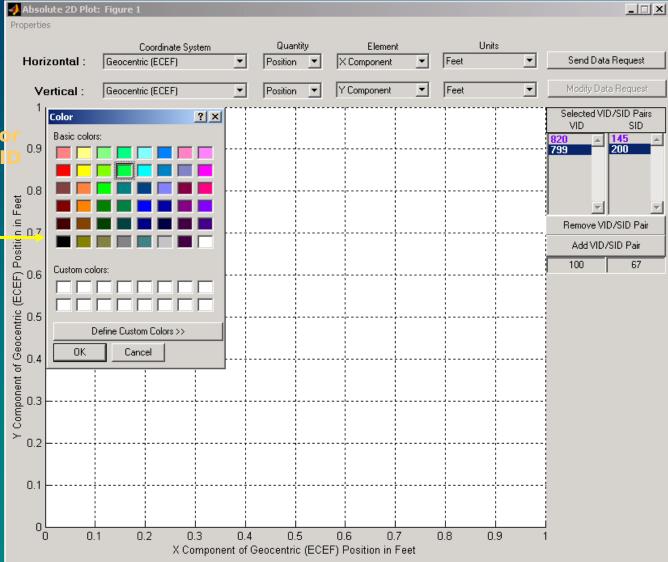




# **Plot Definition**

#### **Custom Color Panel**

- Modify background cole
- Assign color to a VID/SI





# Real Time Analysis Plots Build Schedule

- Build 1 2/3/02
  - X/Y plots with fixed scales, units, and increments for all explicit and implicit track data
- Build 2 5/19/02
  - Refinements
  - X/Y plots with fixed scales, annotations, and increments for additional plots that are reference point dependent
- Build 3 9/1/02
  - Refinements

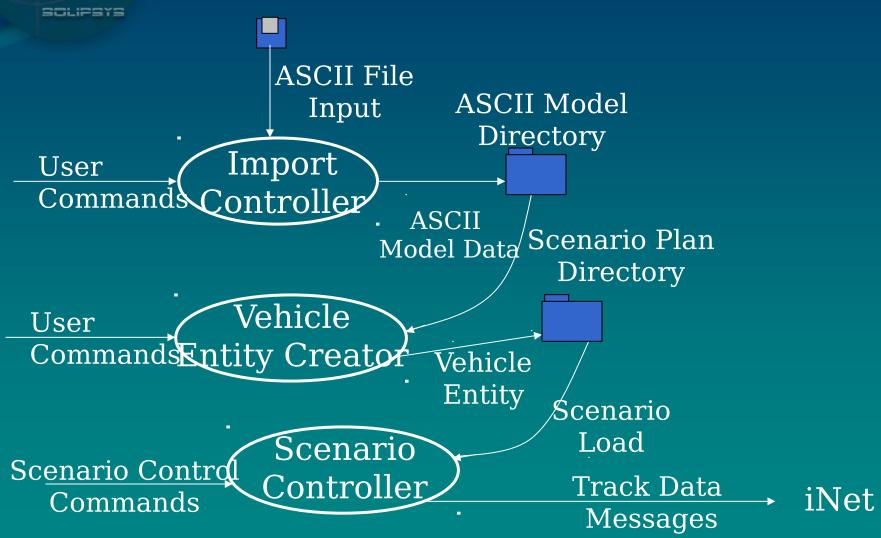




### **Description**

- Mission Tool shall import ASCII formatted trajectory data
  - Time, position, rates, optional orientation data
- ASCII model imported into any scenario as a vehicle entity
- Scenario execution sends requisite planned position and Track Data messages







#### **Build Schedule**

- Build 1 2/3/02 Full Capability
- Build 2 5/19/02
  Refinements



# Personal Flight Planning System (PFPS) File Compatibility

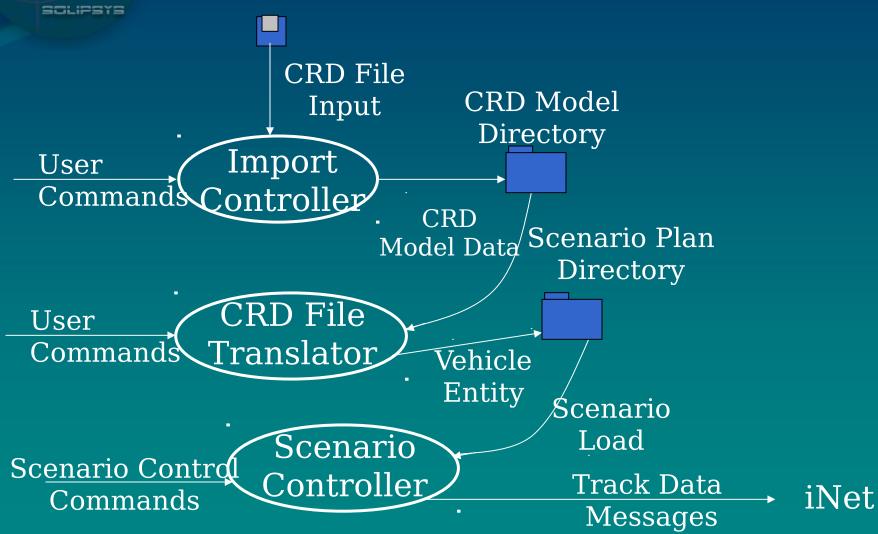


# PFPS File Interchange

- Recently received requisite Common Route Definition (CRD) Format - from TAMPS IDD
- Requirement is to translate CRD format to Waypoint based format
  - Full compatibility with current Mission Tool for route display, rehearsal, and real time mission monitor.



# Common Route Definition File to Waypoint Trajectory Definition





# Vehicle Waypoint Trajectories Special Cases



# Participant Locations as Fixed Points

- Many participants are positioned at a specific location throughout a scenario
  - Aux Sensors
    - MATSS
  - Interceptor launch vessel
    - USS Lake Erie
- Others follow a simple racetrack to remain near a specific location
  - G1 aircraft
  - P3 aircraft
- New feature will allow these participants to be added easily



# Stationary Participants

- User selects a vehicle, assigns a VID, and places into scenario
- If vehicle has only one waypoint, and minimum speed is zero, user can right click on waypoint and designate as stationary
- By default, vehicle will exist throughout scenario
  - If desired, start/stop times may be entered



# Racetrack Participants

- User selects a vehicle, assigns a VID, and places into scenario
- If vehicle has only one waypoint, user can right click on waypoint and designate as racetrack
  - Axis line appears through waypoint to cursor
  - Mouse click sets axis line
  - Waypoint turn radius determines minimum axis length
- By default, vehicle will exist throughout scenario
  - If desired, start/stop times may be entered



# Racetrack Entry

1. User enters Waypoint

3. Drag out axis line, and click with mouse

Set Racetrack

4. Racetrack is drawn

2. Right-click popup menu item



# **Build Schedule**

- Build 1 2/3/02
  - Full Capability
- Build 2 5/19/02
  - Refinements



# Classification Banner



#### Description

- User shall be able to attach a classification level to any scenario
- Classification level shall be displayed prominently on all displays and generated reports
- Classification of a scenario shall be passwordprotected
- Design Considerations/ Issues
  - Classification banner on displays needs to reflect the higher of the current scenario classification and the track database classification as determined by the security level sent in any live track messages
  - Any frames that are printed via the GUI need to include classification level

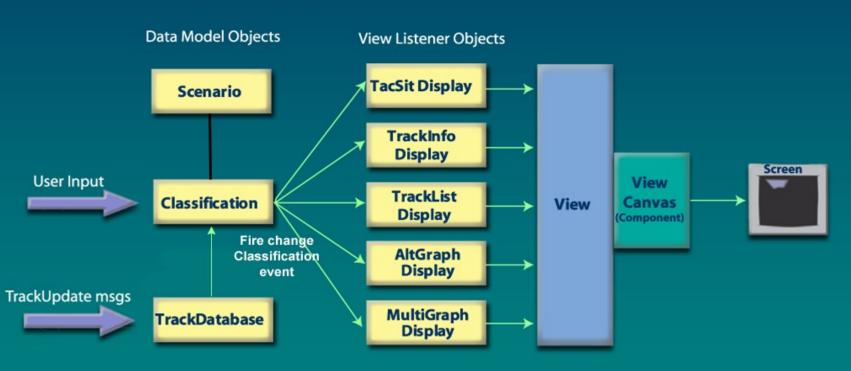


#### Data Flow

- GUI will send GUIScenarioControl message to tell server to change scenario classification
  - Add new action SetScenarioClassification
  - Add classificationCode field
  - Add password field
- Server will use SrvScenarioControlResponse message to send scenario classification to GUI
  - Add classificationCode field
- Report Generator (on Server) will obtain classification level from the Scenario



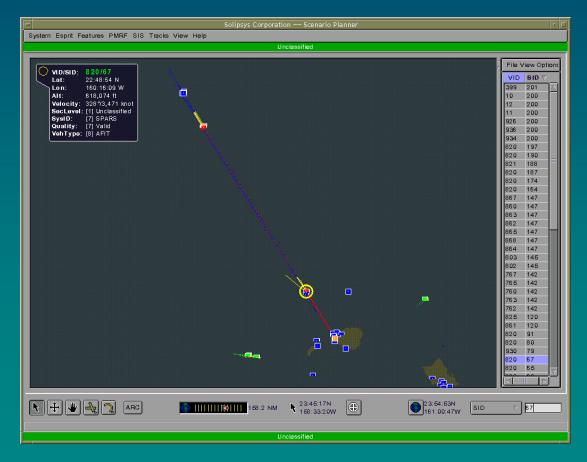
#### Object Diagram





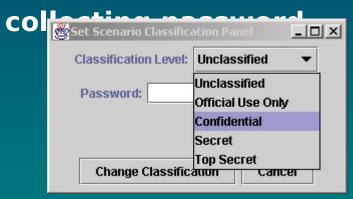
#### GUI

TacSit with Classification Banner





- GUI (cont'd)
  - New screen to be added for changing scenario classification level and





- GUI (cont'd)
  - Classification Banner to be added to the following existing screens
    - Track List
    - Track Information
    - Alt Graph
    - Multigraph
  - Classification Banner to be added to the following reports
    - Waypoint Report
    - Time Interval Report
    - Planned Position Report
    - Sensor Report
    - New reports
       (Vehicle State Report, Vehicle Timeline Report, Scenario Timeline Report, Radar Assignment/ Coverage Report, Participant Location Map)



#### Build Schedule

- **Build 1 2/3/02** 
  - Display of Classification Banner as higher of scenario classification and track database classification complete
  - Password-protected setting of scenario classification complete
- Build 2 5/19/02
  - Classification Banner added to existing reports and new reports included in this build
  - Classification Banner complete



# **Decision Aid Matrix**



#### Description

- The user shall be able to define and enter operational constraints which will be monitored either automatically or manually during rehearsals or the actual event.
- Upon selection of a constraint type, the user shall be presented with a list of predefined parameters required to completely express the constraint.
- During the event, the automatically monitored constraints shall be evaluated on a periodic basis, and the status of each shall be presented in the Constraint Matrix.



# Constraint Category

- Level of grouping for display of the Constraint Matrix
- The user shall be prompted to enter a Category for each constraint.
- Example Categories:
  - Aux Sensors
  - Pre-Launch( Target)
  - Pre-Launch (Intercept)
  - ♦ IP



### Constraint Type

- Distance
- Manual
- In The Box
- Sensor On Line
- Sensor On Target
- Off Nominal (Distance)
- Off Nominal (Time)
- CPA



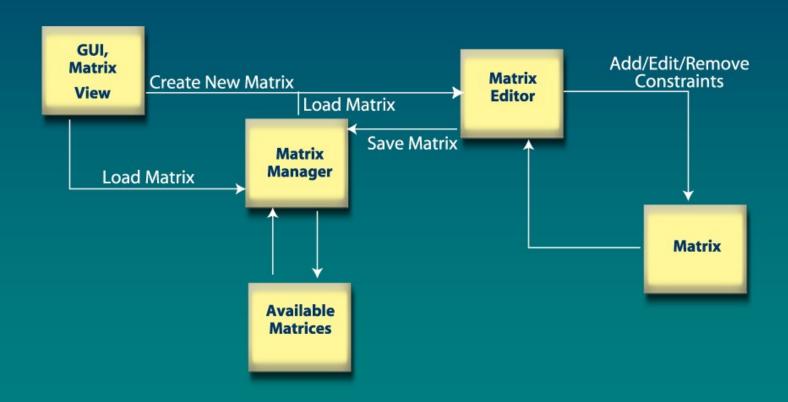
# Constraint Violation Presentation

**Type Constraint Matrix Symbology** 

Distance	Yes	Blinking Symbol
Manual	Yes	
In The Box	Yes	Blinking Symbol
Sensor Online	Yes	Icon ①
Sensor On Target	Yes	Icon (1)
Off Nominal (Distance)	Yes	Blinking Symbol
Off Nominal (Time)	Yes	Blinking Symbol
СРА	Yes	Blinking Symbol

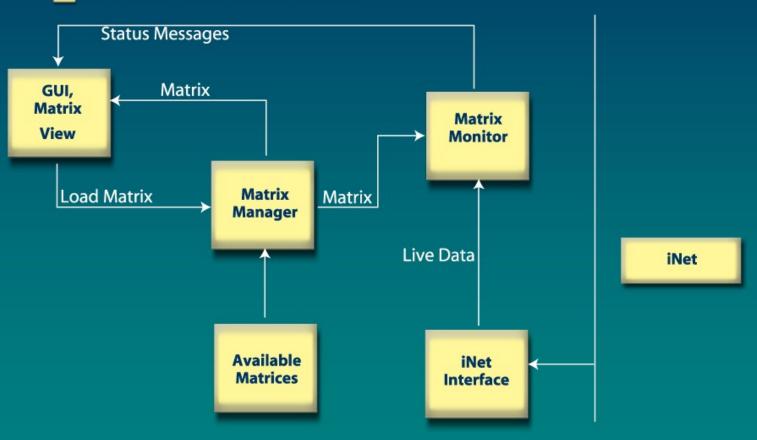


Data Flow – Matrix Initialization



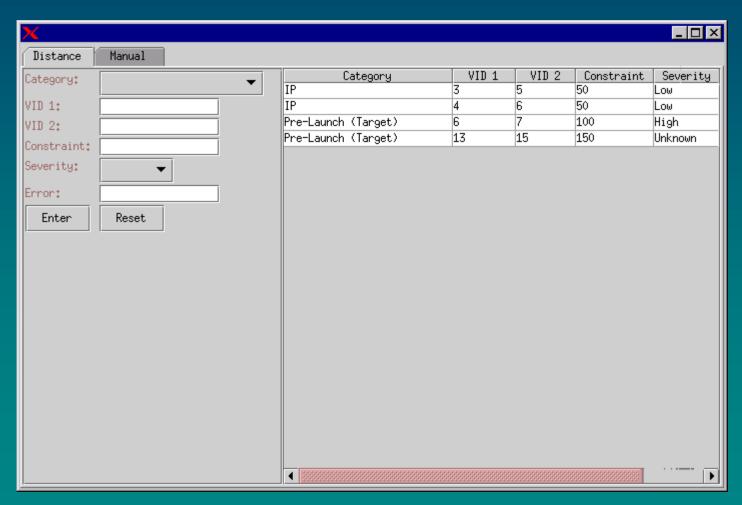


Data Flow – Load Active Matrix





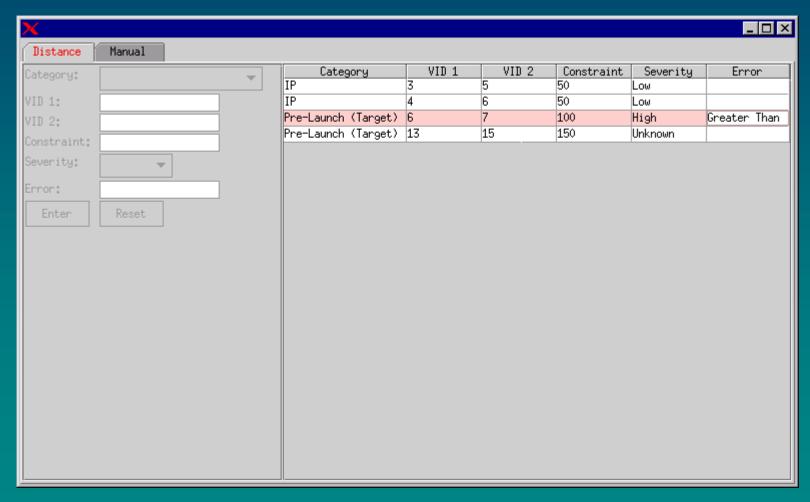
GUI - Constraint Matrix Editor





### **Decision Aid**

GUI - Constraint Matrix View





### Decision Aid Matrix -Status Presentation

IP	Radars	Comms	Launch 1	Launch 2	Aux Sensors
	Cast Glance				
	Aegis Combat				
	Makal	na Ridge			
	Aux S	ensors			
	Range				



### Decision Aid Matrix -Status Presentation

+	IP			
+	Radars			
	Comms	·——.		
	Cast Glance			
	Aegis Combat			
	Makaha Ridge			
	Aux Sensors			
	Range Safety			
+	Launch 1			
+	Launch 2			
+	Aux Sensors			



### **Decision Aid**

#### Build Schedule

- Build 1 2/3/02
  - Constraint Entry Panel Complete
  - Constraint definition messages fully defined and implemented
  - Constraint monitoring algorithms defined and implementation completely defined
  - Minimal constraint monitoring implemented
- Build 2 5/19/02
  - Constraint monitoring complete
  - Decision Aids complete
- Build 3 9/1/02
  - Refinements



## Compute Real Time Events



## Event Calculation & Display

- Real-time event calculations that have instantaneous numerical outputs are:
  - Launch Time
  - Apogee Altitude
  - Apogee Time
  - IIP Altitude
  - IIP Time
  - Splash Time
  - Closest Point of Approach (CPA)
  - CPA Time OR Time-to-go



# Event Calculation & Display Instantaneous Real-time Events

- These calculations are automatically performed on the appropriate vehicles (such as TBM's) and may be performed on other vehicles as specified by the TDF interface
- The results will be displayed in several ways:
  - Columns in the track list
  - Track Tags
  - Track Details Box



# Event Calculation & Display

- Launch Time Calculation
  - Radar measurements are processed from SPARS
  - Time of first statistically significant motion is estimated using a multiple hypothesis batch estimator
- Instantaneous Impact Prediction
  - A gravitational ballistic prediction is performed using a variable step-size numerical integrator
  - Used to determine apogee, apogee time, altitude, altitude time, and splash
  - Used to determine CPA for ballistic objects
- CPA Calculation
  - Air Targets straight line motion is assumed for CPA calculation
  - Both ground range CPA and slant range CPA will be computed and displayed



# Event Calculation & Display Build Schedule

- Build 1 2/3/02
  - Presentation designed and implemented
  - Event calculations designed
  - Messages defined
- Build 2 5/19/02
  - Implementation complete
- Build 3 9/1/02
  - Refinements



## Mobile Sensors

## Combined with Radar Coverage Analysis



## Scenario Plan Manipulation



## Mission Planning

#### Rotation

- User inputs origin and magnitude of rotation through GUI
- All associated points are rotated about the the axis normal to the origin's local tangent plane
- The rotation moves waypoints along a geodesic:
  - Orthogonal to the line of sight from the origin
  - A distance consistent with the specified change in azimuth
- NOTE: Large rotations and translation can cause waypoint distortion - User can elect to preserve ground range separation and altitude of waypoints



## Mission Planning

- Translation
  - User can drag and drop OR manually enter north-east offset
  - All points are translated along a geodesic path by:
    - Moving the points in the direction indicated by the offset
    - Moving the points a distance indicated by the offset magnitude
- NOTE: Large rotations and translation can cause waypoint distortion - User can elect to preserve ground range separation and altitude of waypoints



## Mission Planning

#### Mirror Flip

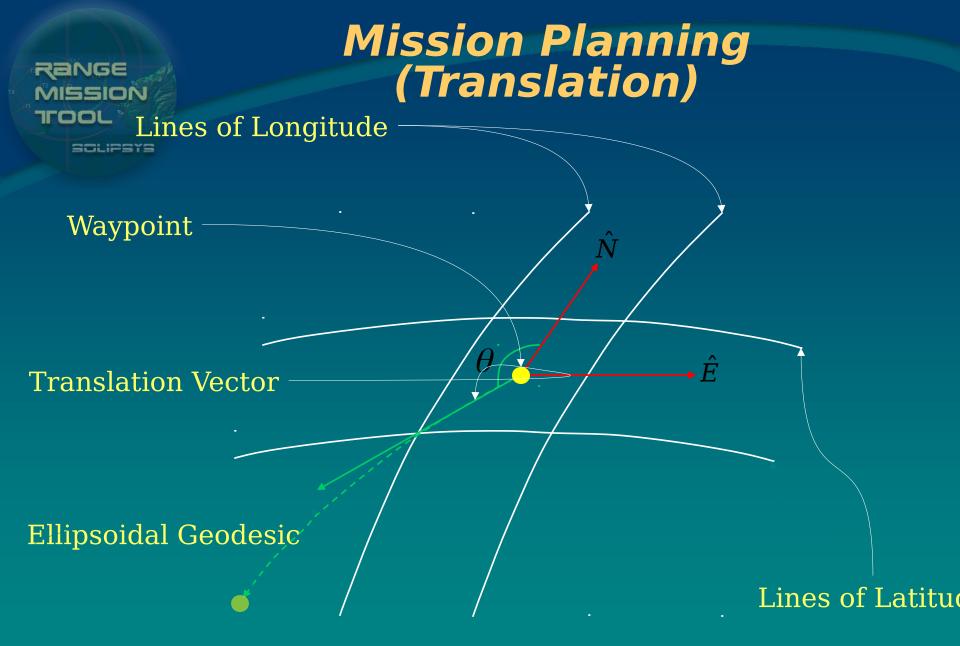
- User specifies an origin and azimuth OR two geodetic points
- Waypoints are "rotated" to the other side of this tangent line



## Mission Planning (Rotation)

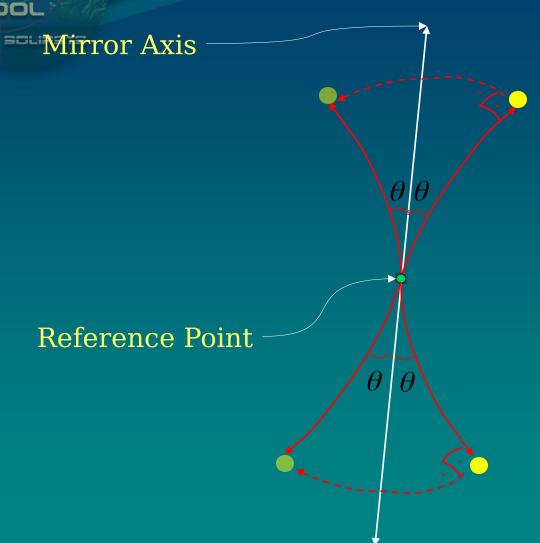
Waypoint Ellipsoidal Geodesic New Line of Site **Rotation Origin Angle of Rotation** 

Original Line of Site





# Mission Planning (Mirror Flip)





## Radar Coverage Analysis



# Tool Mission Planning

#### Mission Planning:

- Sensor models are defined
  - Mode parameters
- Sensor entities are defined
  - Stationary
  - Mobile
  - Shadow masks
  - Cut-outs
  - Vehicle reporting responsibility
- Vehicles are defined
  - Waypoints
  - Timeline
  - RCS
- Vehicles coverage analysis is performed
  - S/N analysis
  - Coverage summary



# Tool - Mission Preview

#### Mission Preview

- Graphical illustration of line-ofsight is indicated for each radartarget pairing
- User alerted if a target completely loses coverage
- Vehicles icons are displayed along with planned trajectory



# ToolMission Rehearsal

#### Mission Rehearsal

- Msg25 and/or Msg26 data can be distributed on the iNet
- Track icons appear when sensors are "on track"
- iNet data is simulated using sensor parameters and realtime data processing



## Mission Planning (Sensors)

#### Pointing Radars

- Each sensor model has configuration parameters including, but are not limited to:
  - Maximum detection range
  - Angular slew rates
  - Transmitter Power
  - S/N Threshold
  - RF Loop Gain
  - Beamwidth
- A sensor model is unique to a sensor type but independent of sensor location and vehicle assignment

#### Fixed Radars

- Angular slew rates are irrelevant
- Beam width is replaced by half-angle



## Mission Planning (Sensors)

#### Sensor Entities

- Stationary
  - Shadow masks due to land masses, buildings, etc..
  - Radiation hazard cut-outs due to EMI considerations, etc...
  - Boresight (Fixed radar only)
- Mobile
  - Shadow masks, Radiation hazard cut-outs, and Boresight data are relative to platform heading
- Coverage zones are input using comma delimited ASCII text format



### Radar Coverage Analysis -Mission Planning (Sensors)

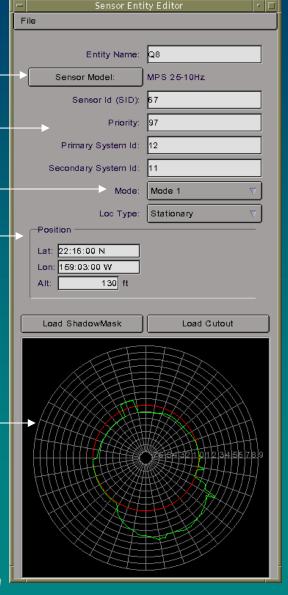
Load Sensor Specific Data

**Enter Site Parameters** 

**Select Sensor Operation Mode** 

**Stationary or Mobile** 

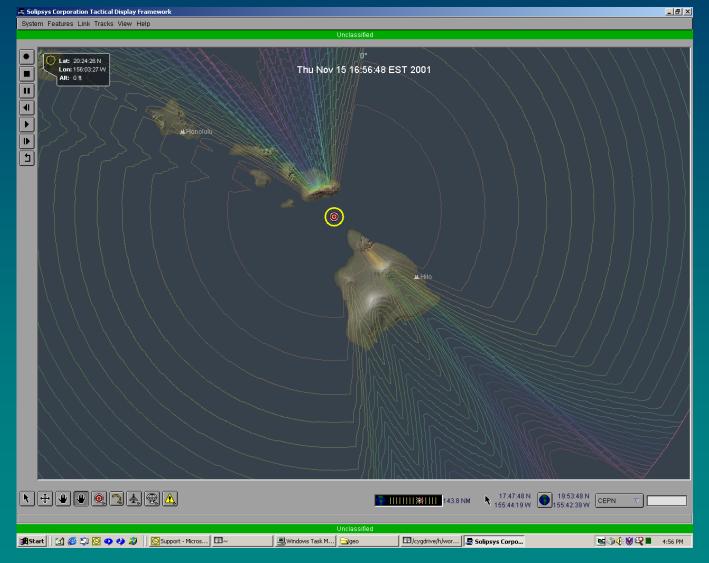
**Shadow Mask and Cut-out Plot** 





#### SOLIPSYS

## Mission Planning (Sensors)





### Mission Planning (Vehicles)

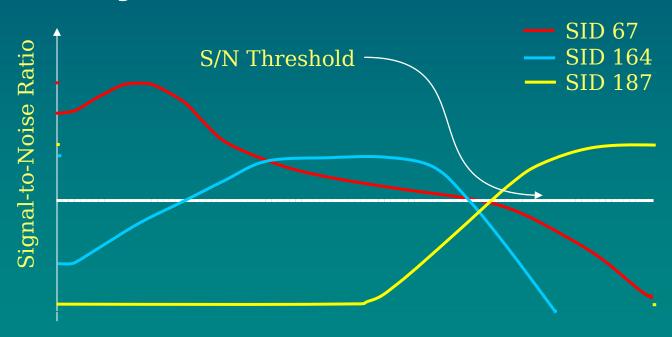
- Vehicle waypoints can be specified in the following ways:
  - Geodetic location and time-of-arrival
  - Geodetic location and instantaneous speed
  - Geodetic location and instantaneous acceleration linear or coordinated turn
  - Geodetic location and trajectory type circular or racetrack
- Vehicle trajectories can be synchronized:
  - User selects multiple vehicle trajectories
  - User selects "Synchronize" from the Range Mission Tool menu
  - User enters synchronization time
- Vehicle RCS is defined:
  - RCS is provided for head-on and side aspect angles



### Mission Planning (Vehicles)

#### S/N Plots:

- A VID is selected by the user
- The S/N Plot option is selected by right-click
- Using sensor model, sensor entity, vehicle waypoints, and vehicle RCS, a S/N graph is generated





### Mission Planning (Vehicle)

- Vehicle Coverage Reports:
  - User selects VID for radar coverage report
  - Using S/N data for this VID, a coverage report is generated for the selected vehicle over the entire scenario timeline



**Scenario Timeline** 



### Mission Preview

SOLIPSYS





### Mission Preview

SOLIPSYS





## **Mission Preview**

SOLIPSYS





## Plan Configuration Management



## Configuration Management

- Working version
  - Used during initial scenario design
  - Experimentation encouraged
- Certified versions
  - Once scenario design work is complete, scenario is certified
  - Non-secure password may be employed to restrict certification permission
  - Multiple versions of certified scenario need to be saved/accessible



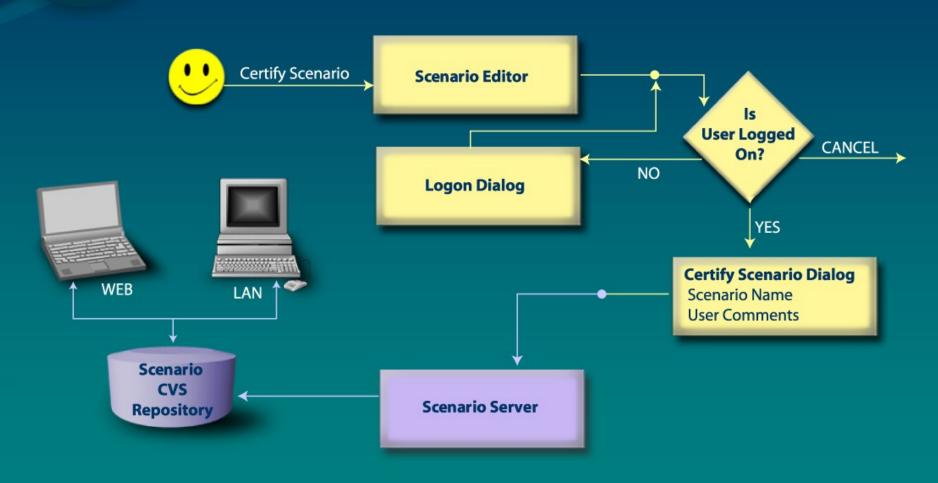
## Configuration Management

#### CVS back end

- Allows comments to be saved with each certification of a scenario
- User ID is logged with change
- Any past versions of a scenario are easily recovered
- Allows flexible options
  - Shared access from multiple networked sites
  - Web front-end to CVS

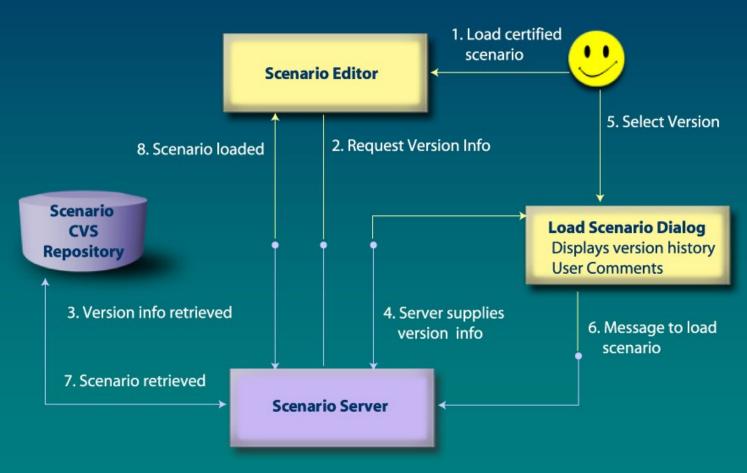


### Scenario Configuration Management





### Scenario Configuration Management





## Plan Reports



## Planning Reports

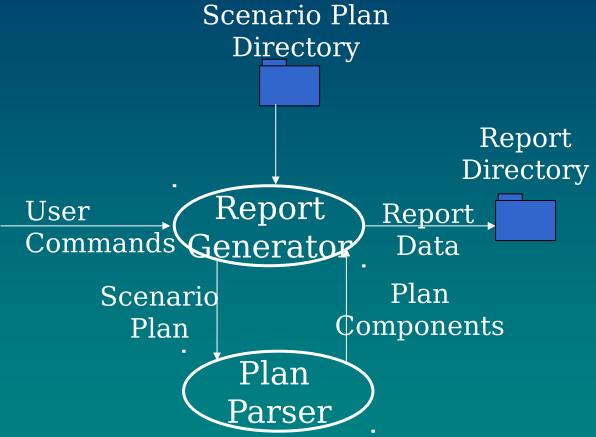
- Plan reports assure consistenc y and
- y
  between
  the
  plan and
  what is
  published.

concurrenc

- The Mission Plan is the repository of a considerable amount of mission information
  - Vehicle State Report
  - Vehicle Timeline Report
  - Scenario Timeline Report
  - Radar Coverage Report
  - Vehicle Information Table (VIT)
  - Sensor Information Table (SIT)



## Planning Reports: Data Flow Diagram





### Vehicle State Report

# The Vehicle State report provides time, position, velocity and other application pertinent data.

4300 50 1 -89393.15853106 65305.32627878 0.00000000 106.06601718 106.06601718 0.00000000 110591.18244839 -0

 $.94683067\ 0.02301077\ 140.00000000\ 0.00500000\ 0.00500000\ 1\ 0.62667016\ 2.25781610\ 1524.0000000$ 

9350 50 1 -88857.52514431 65840.95966553 0.00000000 106.06601718 106.06601718 0.00000000 110709.81442455 -0

 $.93785813\ 0.01382696\ 140.00000000\ 0.00500000\ 0.00500000\ 1\ 0.62667016\ 2.25781610\ 1524.0000000$ 

 $14450\ 50\ 1\ -88316.58845670\ 66381.89635314\ 0.000000000\ 106.06601718\ 106.06601718\ 0.00000000\ 110433.43411118\ -$ 

 $\begin{array}{c} 0.92467508\ 0.01830606\ 140.00000000\ 0.00500000\ 0.00500000\ 1\ 0.62667016\ 2.25781610\ 1524.0000000\end{array}$ 

19500 50 1 -87780.95506995 66917.52973989 0.00000000 106.06601718 106.06601718 0.00000000 110610.48018062 -

 $\begin{array}{c} 0.92082443\ 0.01793941\ 140.00000000\ 0.00500000\ 0.00500000\ 1\ 0.62667016\ 2.25781610\ 1524.0000000\end{array}$ 

24600 50 1 -87240.01838234 67458.46642750 0.00000000 106.06601718 106.06601718 0.00000000 110201.84770838 -

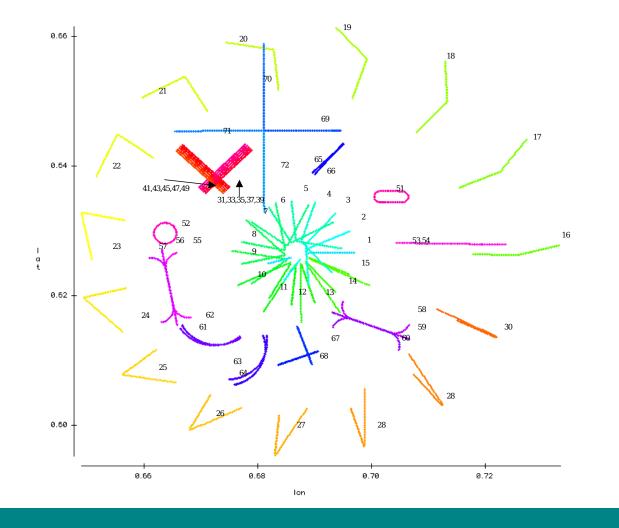
 $\begin{array}{c} 0.90692996\ 0.02354703\ 140.00000000\ 0.00500000\ 0.00500000\ 1\ 0.62667016\ 2.25781610\ 1524.0000000\end{array}$ 

29650 50 1 -86704.38499559 67994.09981425 0.00000000 106.06601718 106.06601718 0.00000000 110212.85272888 -



# Application of Vehicle State Report

Solipsys application is to use the planning tool to generate realistic test cases for presentatio n to tracking systems.





## Vehicle Timeline Report

VID 80

•T+0 Launch

•T+30 End of Boost

•T+4:30 Apogee

•T+7:30 Intercept

•T+9:00 Splash

0 + 30 + 4:30 + 7:30 + 9:00



SOLIPSYS

## Scenario Timeline Report

VID	Time	Description	
80	T+0	Launch	
80	+4:30	Apogee	
90	+5:36	Launch	
90	+7:30	Intercept	

TO TOTAL TO SO TOTAL TO THE TOTAL TO

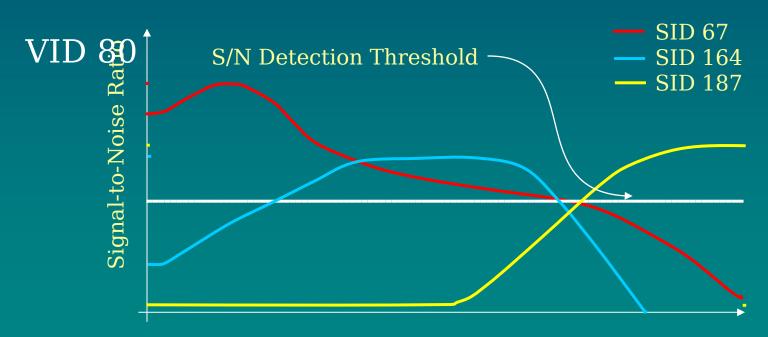
0 + 30 + 4:30 + 7:30 + 9:00



## Radar Coverage Reports

#### S/N Plots:

 Using sensor model, sensor entity, vehicle waypoints and vehicle RCS, a S/N graph is generated



**Scenario Timeline** 



## Radar Coverage Reports

#### Vehicle Coverage Reports:

- User selects VID for radar coverage report
- Using S/N data for this VID, a coverage report is generated for the selected vehicle over the entire scenario timeline

  SID 67

  SID 164

  SID 187

**Scenario Timeline** 



### Vehicle Information Table

VID/SID	Description	Call Sign	Mode 2	Mode 3
23/148	SFIT	USS Anzio	0122	0133
90	SWRB	Weapons Recovery	0432	0239
100	F/A-18A	Fighter Aircraft	0272	0444
870/150	SM-3 TM (VSAT)	Interceptor		
120/220	SM-3 N-STA			



## Timeline Enhancements



## Vehicle Timeline Synchronization

Vehicle
Trajectory
Synchronizati
on allows the
planner to
express the
objectives of
the mission.

- Manual Timeline Entry
- Vehicle Timeline Synchronization
- Event Synchronization



### Manual Timeline Entry

#### Current Capabilities ...

- Planner can specify the time (count down time) of any waypoint on a vehicle's trajectory.
- Planner can choose any point of an ASCII data set and designate the point as a time reference point.
- Remainder of the vehicle's trajectory timeline is automatically computed based upon scripted target behavior.
- Time Tic annotations are automatically added in accordance with user specified parameters.

Current
implementati
on requires all
vehicle
trajectories
be part of the
same
timeline, i.e.
referenced to

the same TO.



## Vehicle Timeline Synchronization

#### Current Capabilities ...

- Planner can select any vehicle waypoint or dataset point and designate it as a synch point.
- Linking synch points from different vehicle trajectories synchronizes the different vehicle timelines
- Any point can be chosen to be the T-zero mark.
- The Mission Tool automatically computes the remainder of each vehicle's timeline based upon vehicle kinematic behavior.
- Time Tic annotations are automatically added in accordance with user specified parameters.



## **Event Synchronization**

Allows multiple independent timelines to be expressed within the same mission plan.

#### Enhanced Capabilities

- Mission Planning Tool shall compute real time events.
- Any vehicle waypoint or dataset point can be synchronized to a computed real time event.
- Detection of the specified event shall initiate/adjust the timelines of all associated vehicles